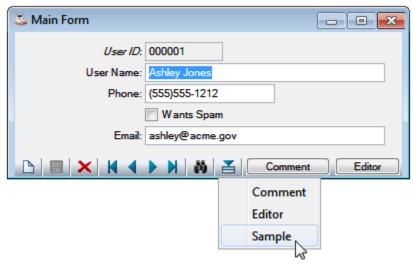
Barista Tutorial 3: Define Callpoints

This tutorial builds on Barista Tutorial 1 - Build a Simple Form.

What We Are Going To Build

We'll extend the form we created in the first tutorial by adding our own custom code and options buttons.



Callpoints

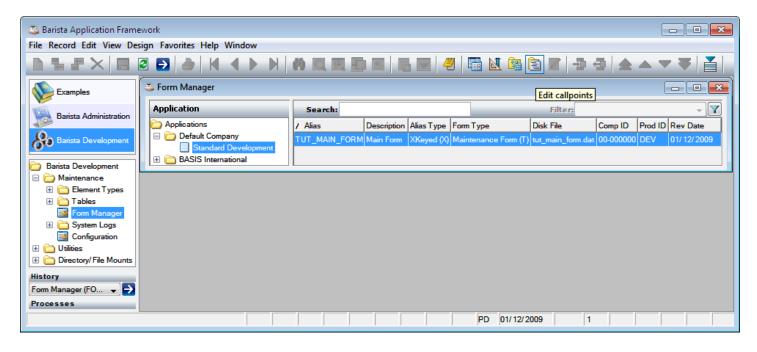
Barista is designed to implement standard business application behavior without the need to write custom code. There are times, however, when a developer needs to add specialized business logic, or start a background batch process, or perform some other operation that Barista does not handle automatically. Barista **Callpoints** address this requirement.

Options can be added to the button, as individual buttons on the bottom toolbar, or both. Developer-defined callpoint code determines what a given option will do.

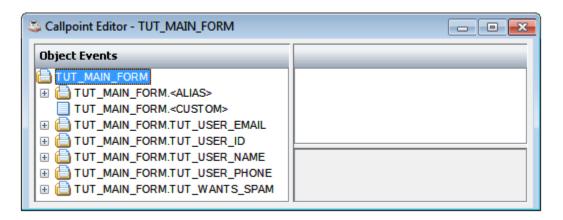
See Getting Started for more detailed background information about Callpoints and Options.

Bring up the Callpoint Editor

Open the Form Manager, select TUT_MAIN_FORM, and click or press F2 to load the Callpoint Editor.



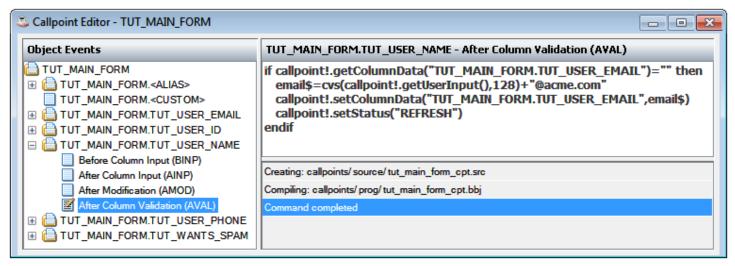
Callpoint Editor



The callpoint editor consists of three panels. Along the left is a tree which contains the form, its columns and their associated callpoints. At a glance one can tell if there is code in a given callpoint based on the icon (= empty, = non-empty). The upper-right displays the code for the selected callpoint. The lower-left panel displays compilation and status. When a callpoint is selected, right

clicking the upper-right panel (or clicking) displays a list of code templates which can serve as a quick reference and save you some typing.

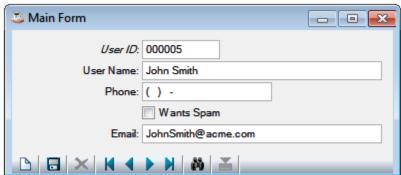
We will use the After Column Validation callpoint to generate a default email address derived from the name.



- Bring up the Callpoint Editor for TUT MAIN FORM.
- Select After Column Validation (AVAL) under TUT MAIN_FORM.TUT_USER_NAME.
- Add code (note we don't change an existing email value):

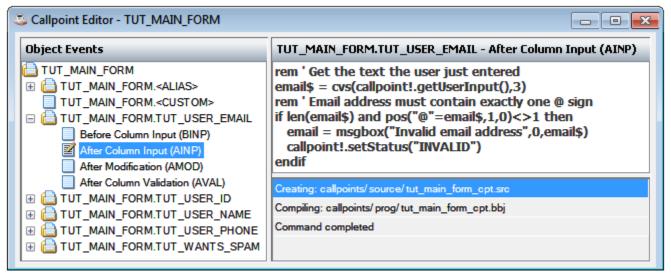
```
if callpoint!.getColumnData("TUT_MAIN_FORM.TUT_USER_EMAIL")="" then
   email$=cvs(callpoint!.getUserInput(),128)+"@acme.com"
   callpoint!.setColumnData("TUT_MAIN_FORM.TUT_USER_EMAIL",email$)
   callpoint!.setStatus("REFRESH")
endif
```

- Click or press F5 to run the form.
- Add a new record and note the email is automatically populated as you tab out of the User Name field:



Add AINP Callpoint Code for TUT USER EMAIL

Barista provides several validation mechanisms, such as enforcing a minimum length, or performing a foreign key lookup. There are times you need to perform more complicated validation. The **After Column Input** callpoint is called after the user has attempted to leave the callpoint, but before validation. Here we will check for an obviously invalid email address.



- Select After Column Input (AINP) under TUT MAIN FORM.TUT USER EMAIL.
- Add code:

```
rem ' Get the text the user just entered
email$ = cvs(callpoint!.getUserInput(),3)
rem ' Email address must contain exactly one @ sign
if len(email$) and pos("@"=email$,1,0)<>1 then
    email = msgbox("Invalid email address",0,email$)
    callpoint!.setStatus("INVALID")
endif
```

- Click or press F5 to run the form.
- Attempt to enter an email address with more than one @ sign:



Options Entry Forms

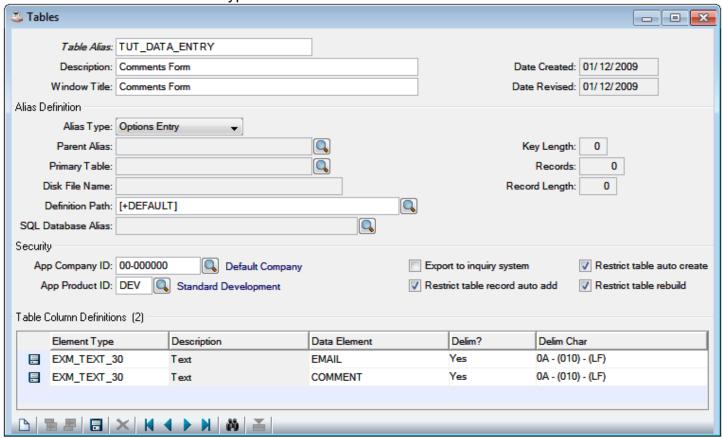
There are times you would like the user to enter data for immediate processing, as opposed to writing it to a database table. In the next example we will simply write a time-stamped email address and comment to a text file. This same basic approach can be used to send email, write reports, etc.

We'll start by defining a Table Alias that will be used to generate an Options Entry Form.

Open Tables Maintenance and define the following alias:

Location	Field	Value
Header	Table Alias	TUT_DATA_ENTRY
	Description	Comment Form
	Alias Type	Options Entry
Detail	Element Type	Data Element
	EXM_TEXT_30	EMAIL
	EXM_TEXT_30	COMMENT

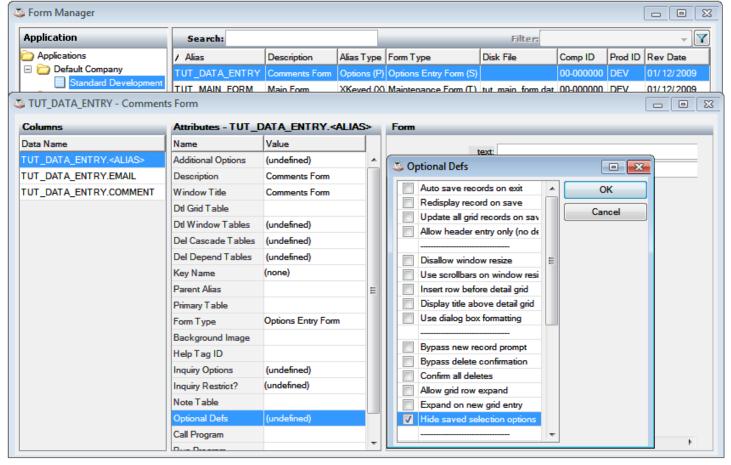
If you didn't install the Barista Examples package, you'll need to first define EXM_TEXT_30 as a 30-character text field in Element Types Maintenance.



Click or press [Ctrl]+S to save this record, then close Tables Maintenance.

Switch back to the Form Manager, click on your newly defined alias to load it in the Form Designer.

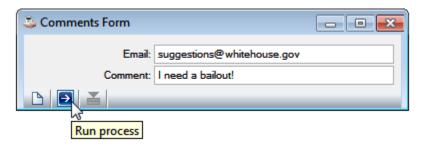
Check Hide saved selection options in Optional Defs for the Alias



- Set the Control Label for the EMAIL field to "Email"
- Set the Control Label for the COMMENT field to "Message"
- Set the Run Program for the alias to ../apps/default/comment.src and save the following program to apps/default/comment.src under the BASIS home directory. On Windows, the full name would typically be C:\Program Files\basis\apps\default\comment.src:

```
email$ = option!.getOptionData("EMAIL")
comment$ = option!.getOptionData("COMMENT")
timestamp$ = new java.util.Date().toString()
message$ = timestamp$+$09$+email$+$09$+comment$
filename$ = "../apps/default/comment.txt"
string filename$,err=*next
comment = unt
open (comment,MODE="O_APPEND")filename$
print (comment) message$
close (comment)
```

Click or press F5 to run the form, type any values into the entry fields, then click or press F5 again to pass control to the overlay program.



The log file looks like this:

C:\Program Files\basis\apps\default>type comment.txt suggestions@whitehouse.gov I need a bailout! Mon Jan 12 21:00:21 PST 2009

Adding an Option Button to display our DATA ENTRY form

Now we'll add a button to TUT MAIN FORM to display our new form.

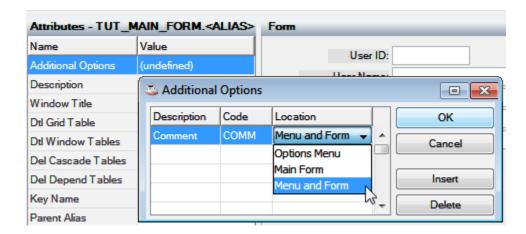
Load **TUT MAIN FORM** in the Forms Designer.

Double click the **Additional Options** attribute for the alias and enter:

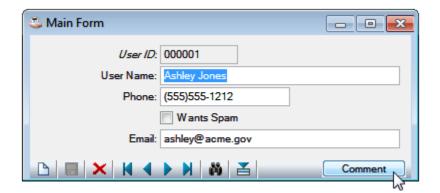
Description	Code	Location
Comment	COMM*	Menu And Form**

^{*} Any code will do, up to four characters.

^{**} We can choose to add the option as a button on the form, as an item in the 🗐 menu, or both.



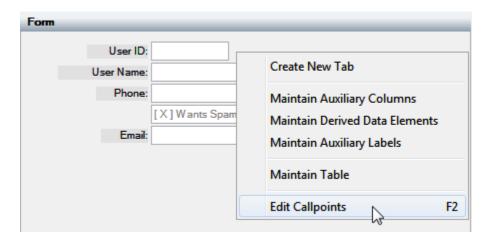
or press F5 to run the form. It has a new button, but the button doesn't do anything yet.



Next, we'll add code to invoke the TUT DATA ENTRY form when the user clicks the Comment button.

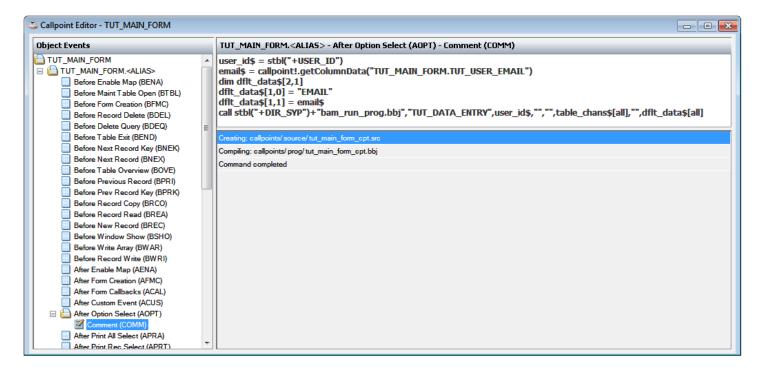
Add Callpoint code for the Option Button

Still in the Form Designer, right-click on the form and bring up the Callpoint Editor.

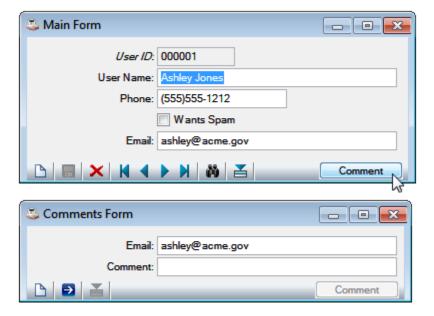


Under TUT_MAIN_FORMS.<ALIAS>, select After Option Select (AOPT), then select Comment (COMM) and paste in the following callpoint code:

```
user_id$ = stbl("+USER_ID")
email$ = callpoint!.getColumnData("TUT_MAIN_FORM.TUT_USER_EMAIL")
dim dflt_data$[2,1]
dflt_data$[1,0] = "EMAIL"
dflt_data$[1,1] = email$
call stbl("+DIR_SYP")
+"bam_run_prog.bbj","TUT_DATA_ENTRY",user_id$,"","",table_chans$[all],"",dflt_data$
[all]
```



Click or type [Ctrl]+B to rebuild the callpoints for the form, then click or press F5 to run the form. Now when you select a record and click the button, the overlay program comes up:



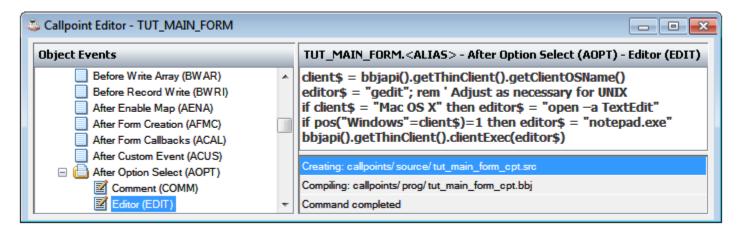
By default, options buttons are only enabled when a record is active. This can be changed via the **Additional options always enabled** setting in **Optional Defs**.

Add an editor option via the **Add Options** attribute in the Form Designer for TUT MAIN FORM.

Description	Code	Location
Editor	EDIT	Menu and Form

Add callpoint code for **Editor (EDIT)**:

```
client$ = bbjapi().getThinClient().getClientOSName()
editor$ = "gedit"; rem ' Adjust as necessary for UNIX
if client$ = "Mac OS X" then editor$ = "open -a TextEdit"
if pos("Windows"=client$)=1 then editor$ = "notepad.exe"
bbjapi().getThinClient().clientExec(editor$)
```



Click or press F5 to run the form:



Save the following program as apps/default/sample.src:

```
sysgui = unt
open (sysgui)"X0"
sysgui! = bbjapi().getSysGui()
window! = sysgui!.addWindow(100,100,200,200,"Sample")
window!.setCallback(window!.ON_CLOSE,"eoj")
button! = window!.addButton(101,50,50,100,30,"Click",$$)
button!.setCallback(button!.ON_BUTTON_PUSH,"click")
process_events
click:
i=msgbox("Click")
return
eoj:
release
```

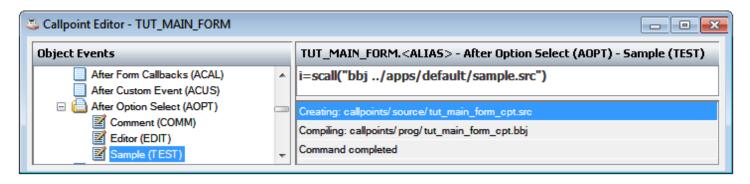
Calling a custom program via an Option Button

Add another option via the **Add Options** attribute in the Form Designer for TUT_MAIN_FORM

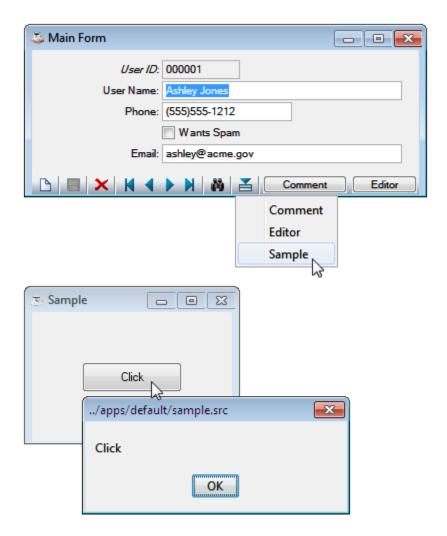
Description	Code	Location
Sample	TEST	Menu and Form

Add callpoint code for Sample (TEST):

i=scall("bbj ../apps/default/sample.src")



Click or press F5 to run the form:



Barista automatically takes care of the basics of building standard data-entry forms. Callpoints take over from there to enable the developer to customize Barista applications as necessary.

Want more? Try the <u>Barista Tutorial 2 - Customize a Form</u>, or the Administration Tutorial, which shows how to deal with projects, add menu items, users, internationalization.